

Leading Question (for an economic geographer): How important is accessibility/infrastructure for firm location?

Related Question: Is this importance visible from higher location rents near infrastructure junctions?

- A case study by SINFORE (a consultancy company on Spatial Information For Real Estate)
- In 2004 SINFORE made an inventory of office rents on locations, related to their position w.r.t. motor way junctions and railway stations
- Combination of two datasets: 1) all real estate (office) transactions 1998/2003; 2) average rent values 1998/2003





Example The data set figures for Amsterdam

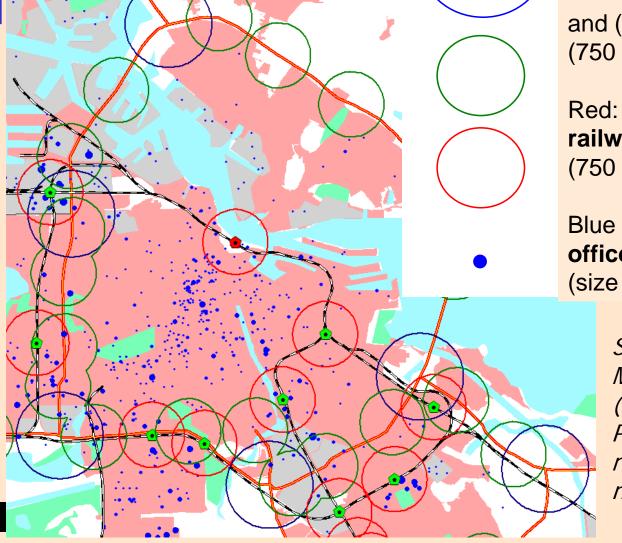
Blue: Circles around motor way crossings (1000 m)

and (green) **junctions** (750 m)

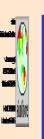
Red: Circles around railway stations (750 m)

Blue dots indicate office transactions (size indicates m2)

Source: M.H. Pellenbarg (2004) PropertyNL/ research quarterly nr 3, p. 14-19



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The results: Average rent values 1998/2003 per location type and per region

	verage rent values otal Motorway locations				Railway Stations			
		All Crossings Junctions Periph.			AII	Centr. Suburb.		
NEDERLAND	(139)	142	136	156	145	134	156	96
Cities	143	146	140	159	148	137	159	101
Other regions	115	119	121	113	116	115	123	95
North wing South wing Intermediate Periphery	157 135 118 108	162 135 117 107	157 129 116 107	170 153 120 109	165 141 125 115	155 138 127 111	169 143 123 131	103 92 102 77



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A bonus (value increase) for accessibility?

- Conclusion: availability of infrastructure does NOT lead to higher real estate values
- Only for offices near motorway junctions and near suburban railway stations there is a small positive price effect (12-13%)
- For 'ordinary' junctions there is no effect at all



